

EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT***Response to Appeal Brief***

1. Applicant's arguments in the Appeal Brief filed on 10/24/08 with respect to claims 11-28 have been full considered and are persuasive. See below for examiners reasons for allowance. Hence, the 103(a) rejections of claims 11-28 have been withdrawn.

2. An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with Stephen J. Walder, Jr. on 6/4/08.

The application has been amended as follows:

In the claims:

a. Claim 17:

- JD 7/11/08
- i. Line ²~~1~~, delete "in a computer readable medium" insert therefore – computer storage medium—;
- JD 7/11/08
- ii. Lines ~~3~~⁴, delete "the computer program product" insert therefore --which when executed—;
- JD 7/11/08
- iii. Line ⁶~~5~~, delete "means for";

JD 7/11/08
iv. Line ⁸~~7~~, delete "means responsive" insert therefore –
responding--;

JD 7/11/08
v. Line ¹²~~7~~, delete "means for".

Allowable Subject Matter

1. Claims 11-28 are allowed.
2. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:
applicant's claimed invention discloses a method and system for enabling an untrusted program to access a native operating system resource. The prior art does not disclose having a login service listening on a named pipe for login requests; receiving a login request on the named pipe where the request includes an identifier for a uniquely-named response pipe; wherein the named pipe and the uniquely-named response pipe are not similar; returning a native operating system identifier; using the native operating system identifier to create a credential object and using the credential object to login to the native operating system. In addition, the prior art does not disclose having a login service listening on a named pipe for login requests; receiving a login request on the named pipe where the request includes an identifier for a uniquely-named response pipe; wherein the named pipe and the uniquely-named response pipe are not similar; in response to creating the named response pipe by the program, acting as a named-pipe server on the named response pipe by the program; using a token generated during the login operation to create a credential object and using the credential object to login to the native operating system.